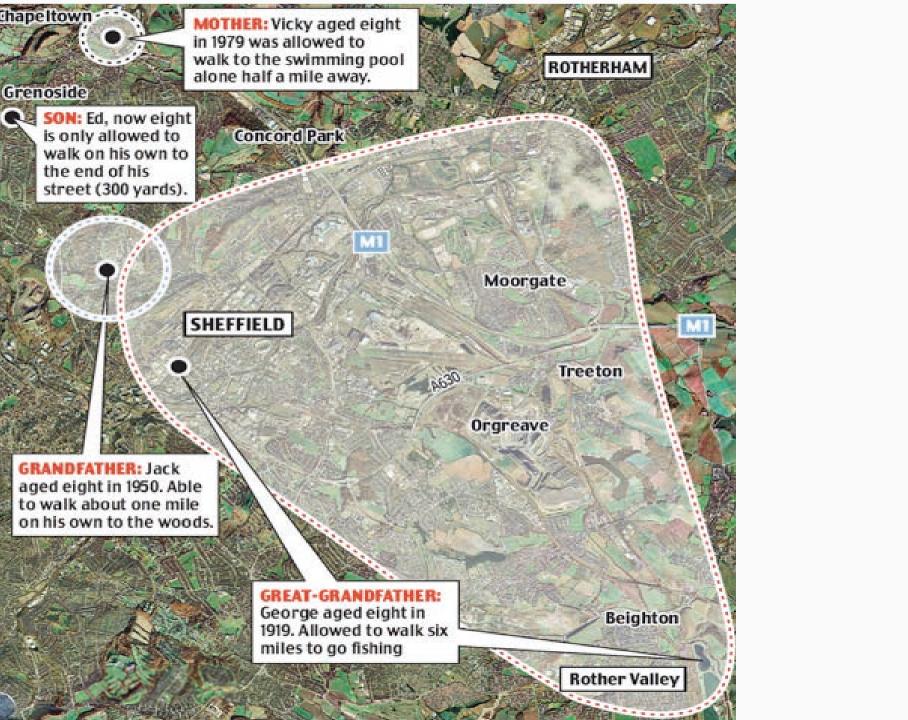


Building the Healthy City; Inciting the Healthy Choice

HEALTHY CITY DESIGN INTERNATIONAL

by dan burden, director of innovation and inspiration





In this session we wish to:

- Provide a pathway to health
- Build sustainable urban places
- Make active transportation the easy choice
- Cover basic principles on why we must return to past town making principles
- Stop squandering the resources of future generations
- Develop a sense of urgency

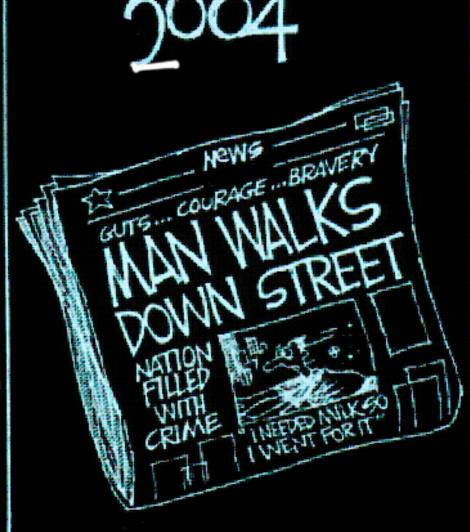
active transportation, compact land form, bousing diversity, urban greening, connectivity, mixed land use, age-friendly design, placemaking, activity centers, mrks and green spaces smart growth, and healthy urban planning are all featured in this session.

35th Anniversary of Walk

1969



Courtesy of Ian Lockwood

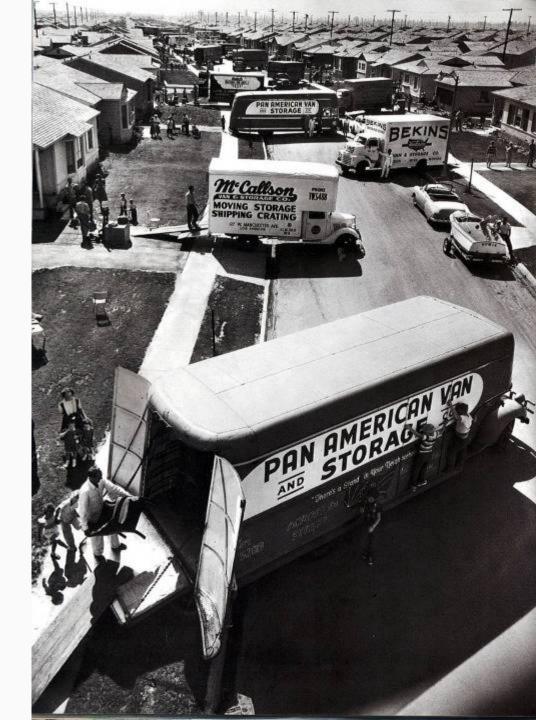




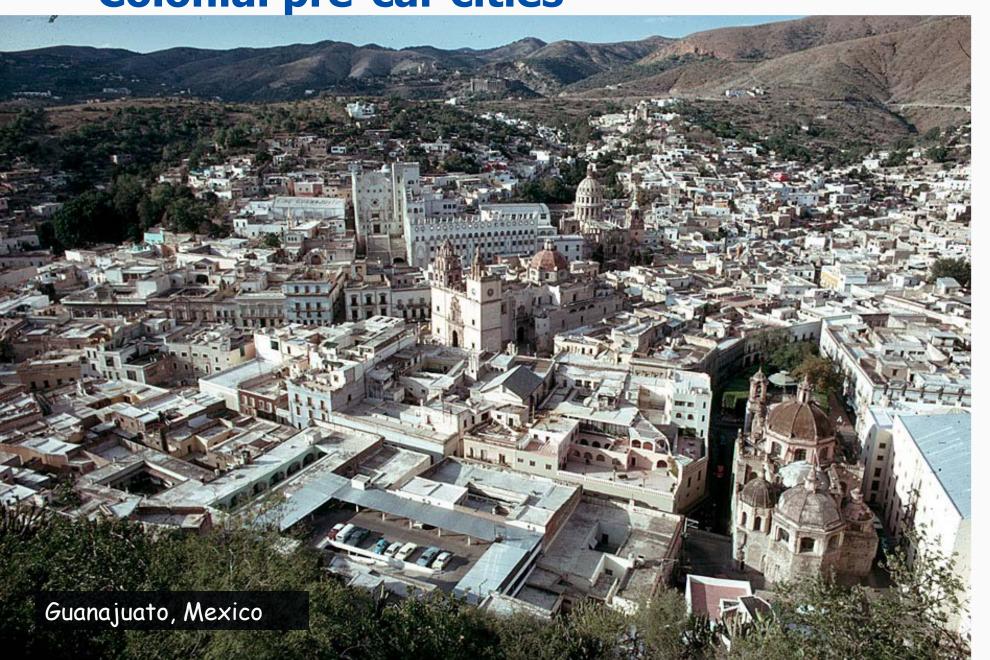
WITH THE DARK YEARS OF **MODERNISM WE** STARTED BUILDING **TRANSPORTATION** THROUGH COMMUNITIES, AND NOT COMMUNITES THROUGH TRANSPORTATION

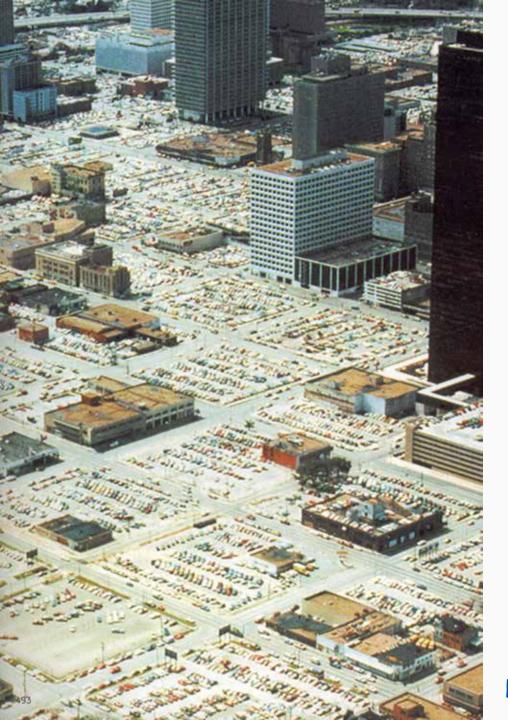
The Advent of Suburbia

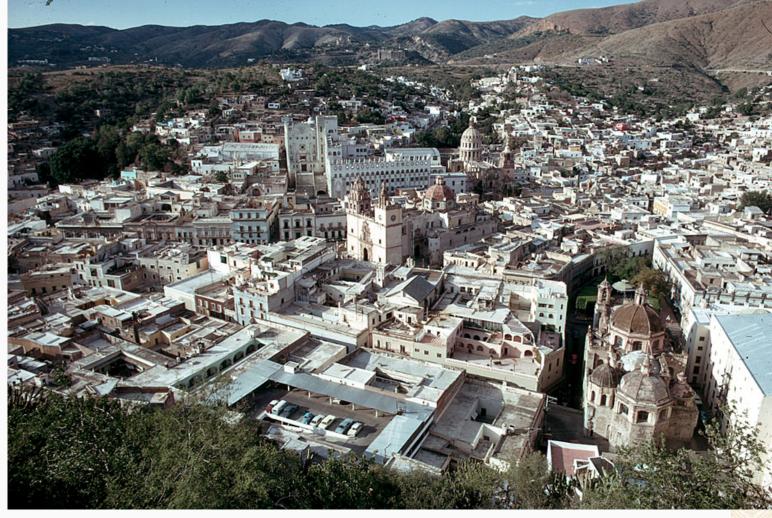
In 2017 the world crossed a major threshold, more than half of the world's population now live in urban places; and in the U.S., Canada, Australia and much of Europe, urban dwellers already range from 80-90%. This urban growth is both good and bad; good for minimizing human impacts if done right, bad if we continue our current car-centric practices. Cities laid out for cars foul our air, water, deplete land resources, breed crime, isolate us, and produce major losses in physical, emotional, mental and even spiritual health



Colonial pre-car cities

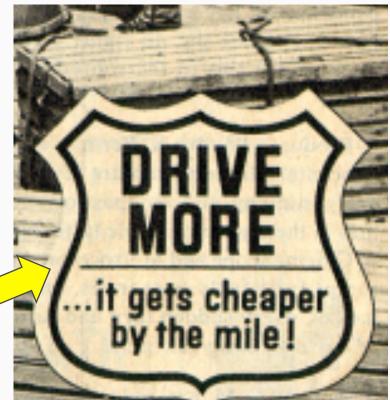




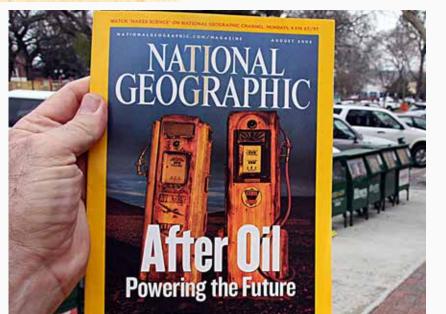


Guanajuato, Mexico











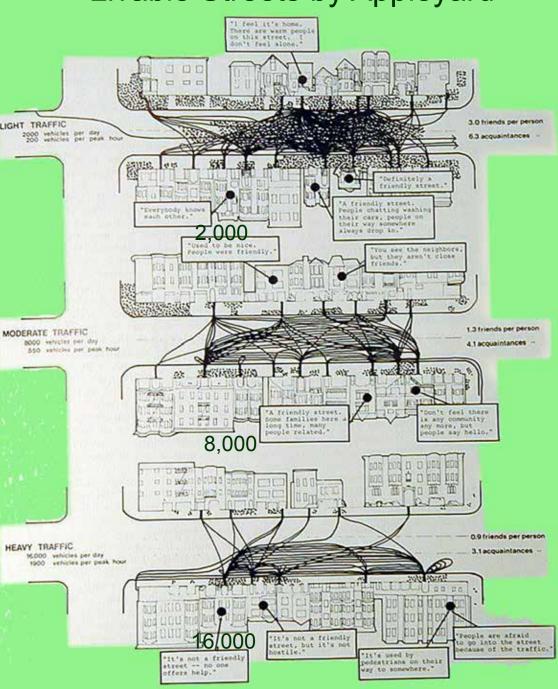


HAVING LESS OF THIS...

REQUIRES MORE OF THIS...



Livable Streets by Appleyard



Low traffic, many associations on each side

3.0 friends

6.3 acquaintances

Moderate traffic, reduced use of public space

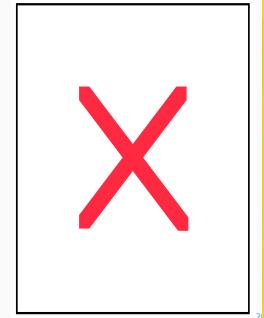
1.3 friends

4.1 acquaintances

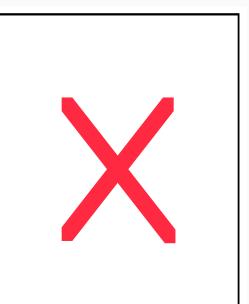
Heavy traffic few associations. Few friends across street .09 friends 3.1 acquaintances

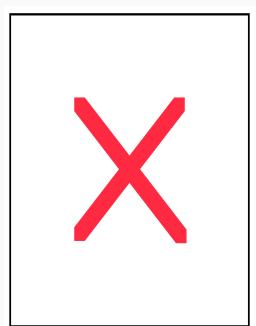




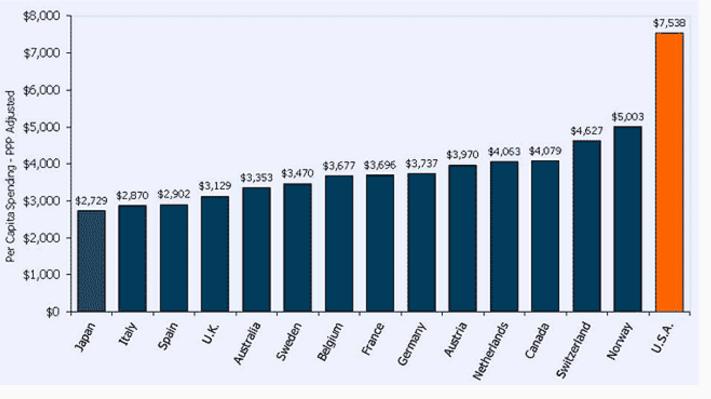










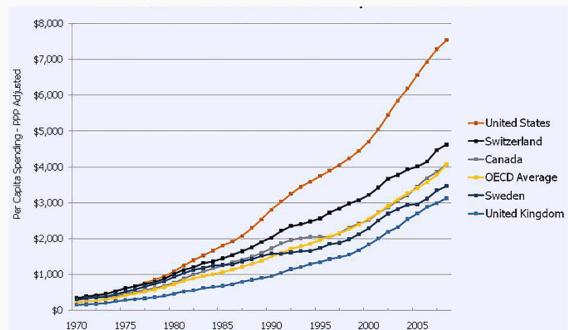


The Average U.S. Family now pays \$18,000 per year in health care costs, and this figure is rising.

With almost double the cost per capita of the average OECD nations, the U.S. receives less in the way of health care and health outcomes.

This is not sustainable.

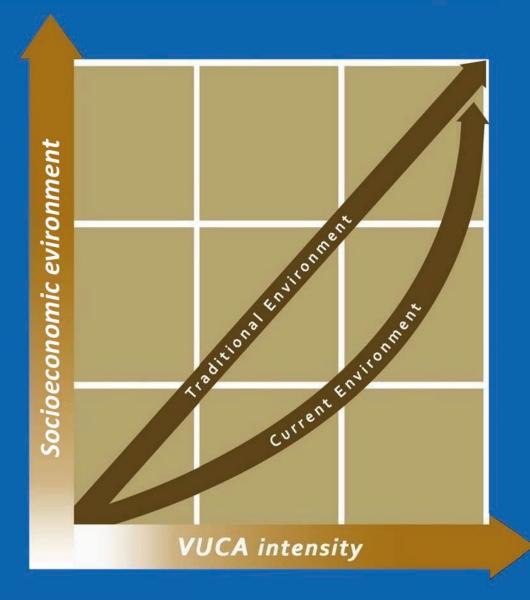
Source: The Kaiser Family Foundation, April 2011





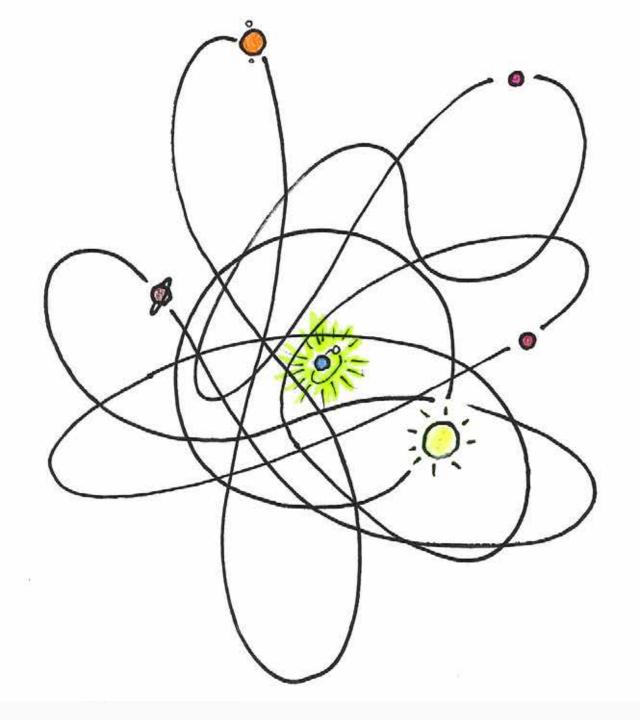
Changing Socioeconomic Landscape

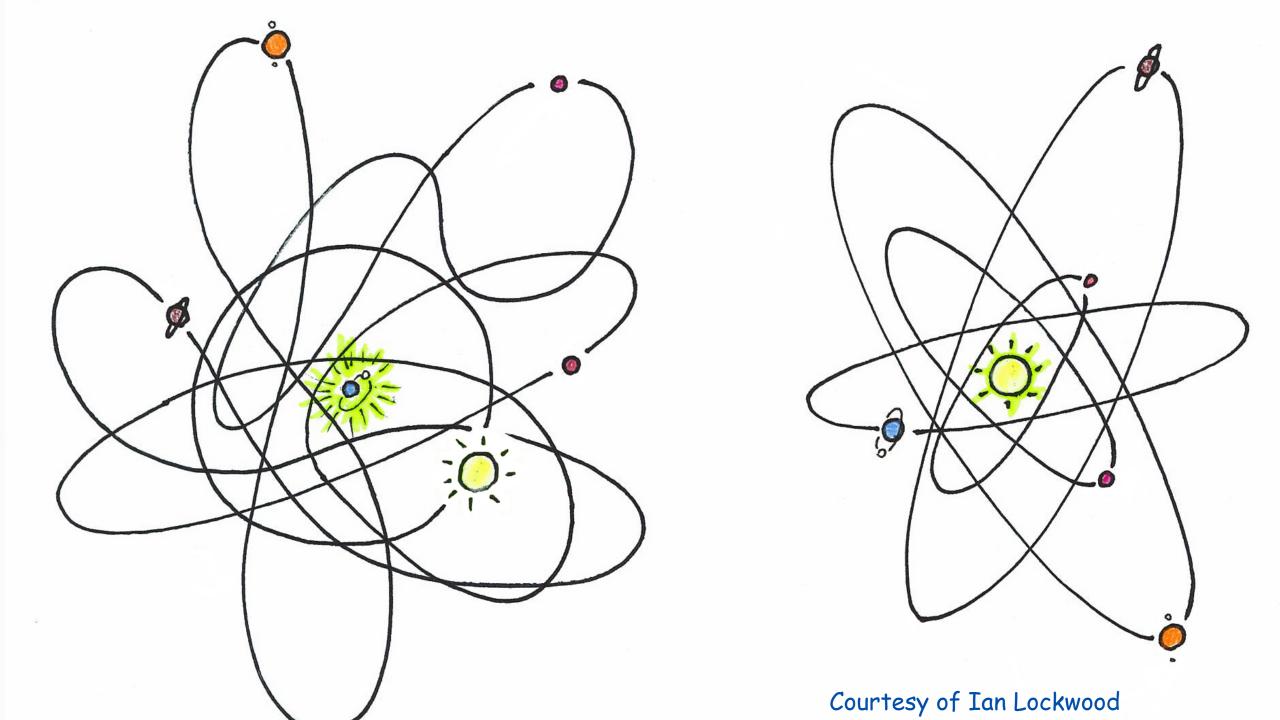
Volatile
Uncertain
Complex
Ambiguous

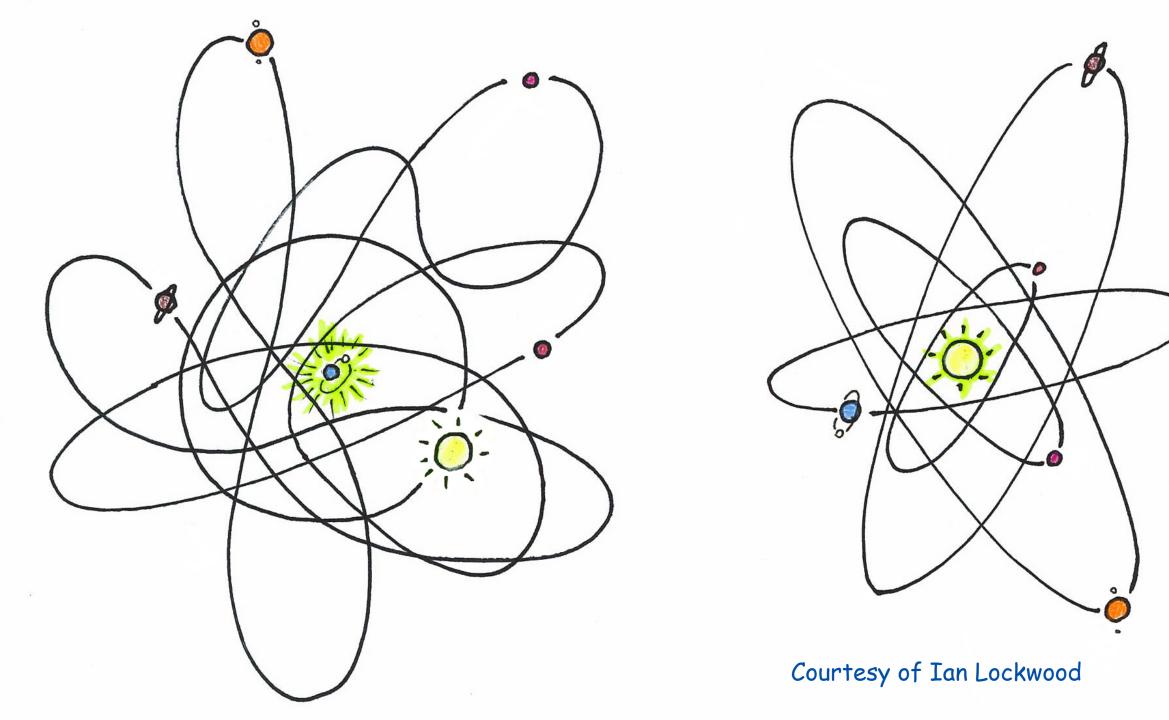


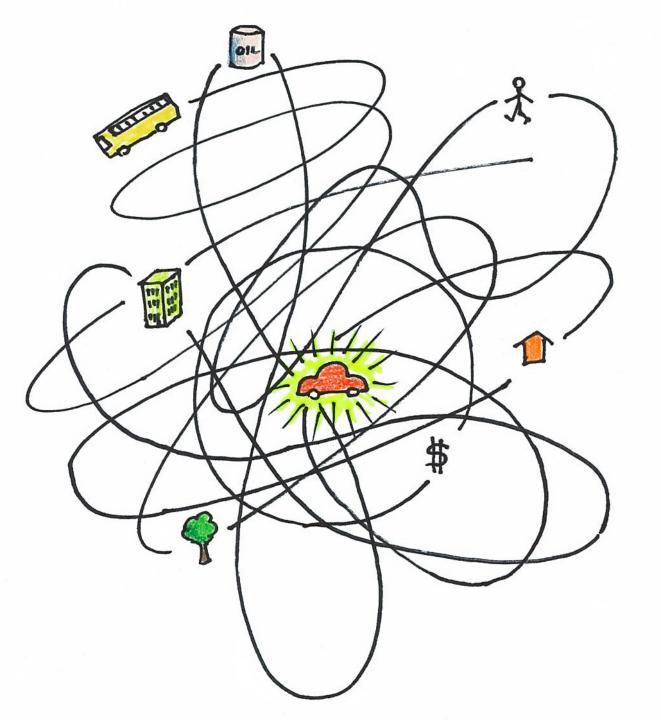


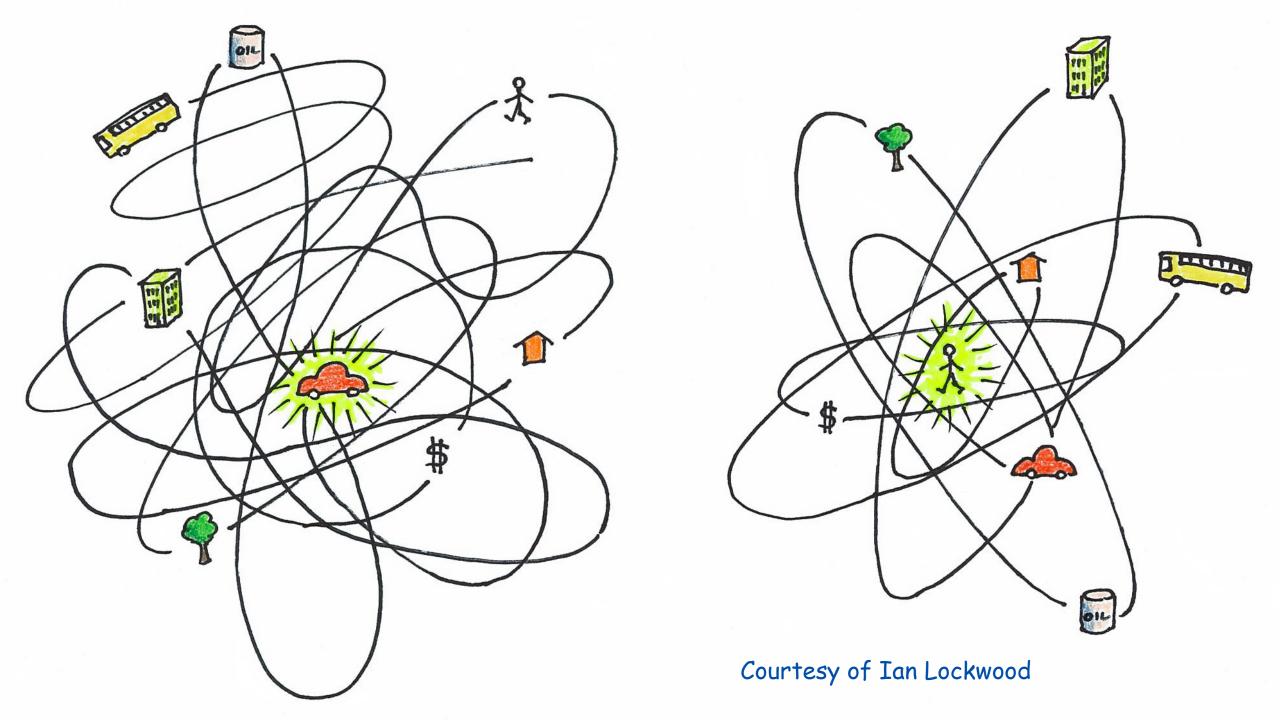
Can we take the principles of city making, restore the historic patterns of civilization, bring back active living and active transportation and expand our ideas and concepts to achieve a fully sustainable world?



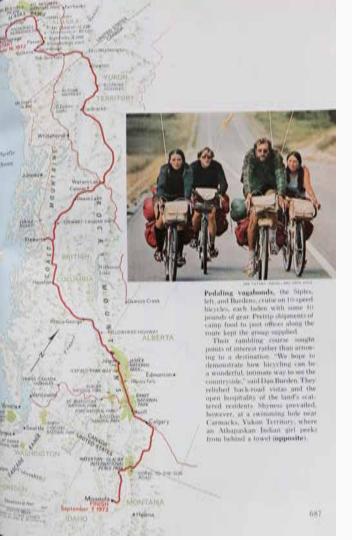










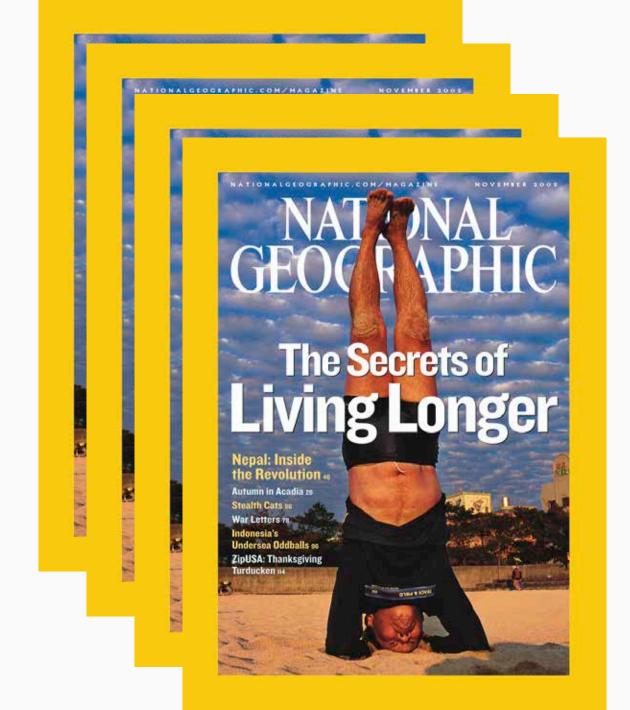








Where it All Began



Blue Zones Longevity Hot Spots

LOMA LINDA, CA

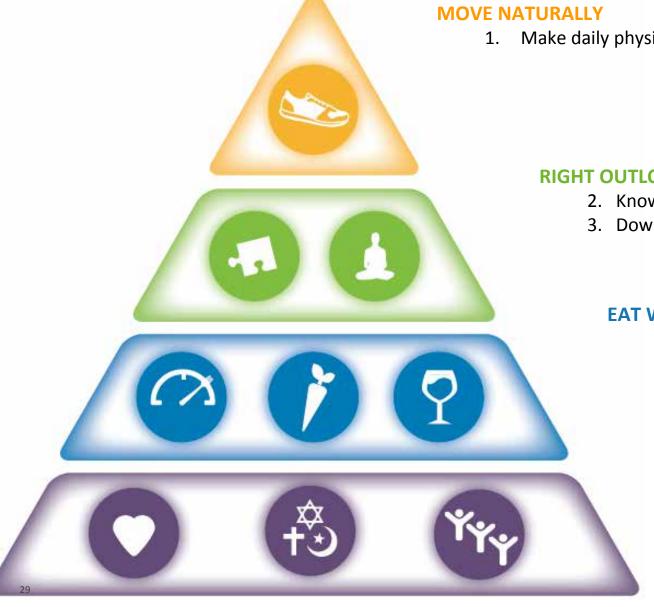
SARDINIA

IKARIA

OKINAWA

NICOYA PENINSULA, COSTA RICA

Shared Traits of the Longest-Lived People



1. Make daily physical activity an unavoidable part of your environment

RIGHT OUTLOOK

- 2. Know your purpose
- 3. Downshift: work less, slow down, take vacations

EAT WISELY

- 4. Eat until 80% full
- 5. More veggies, less meat & processed food
- Drink a glass of red wine each day

BELONG

- 7. Create a healthy social network
- 8. Connect/reconnect with religion
- 9. Prioritize family



What Determines Our Health?

20% 50% 10%

GENETICS

ENVIRONMENT

HEALTHY BEHAVIORS

ACCESS TO CARE

BLUE ZONES PROJECT

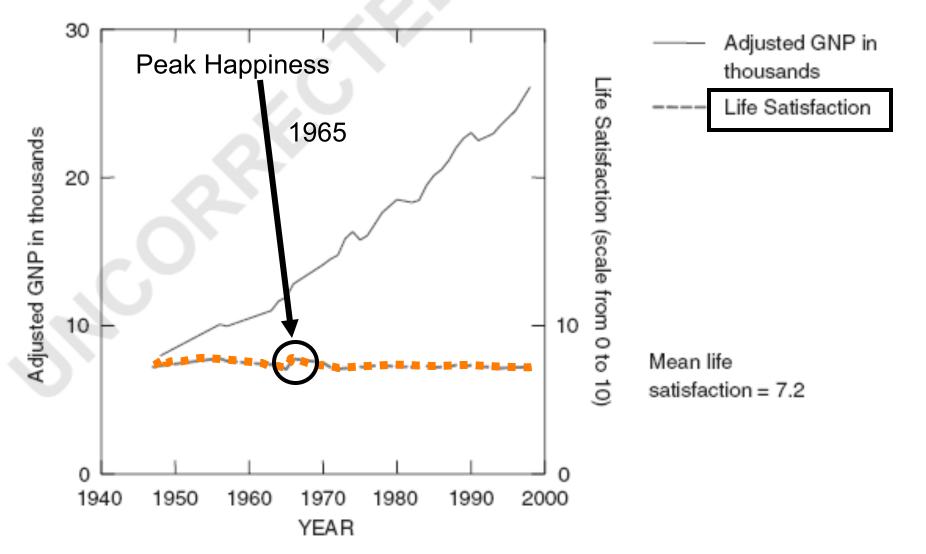


Fig. 1. U.S. gross national product (GNP) and mean life satisfaction from 1947 to 1998.



Bryant Park, New York City

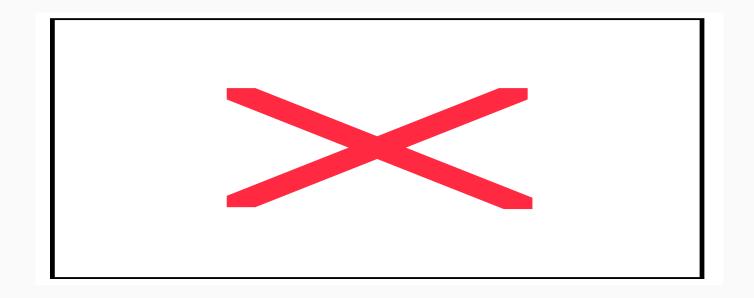
Livable Streets by Appleyard lon't feel alone. 6.3 acquaintances 1.3 friends per person MODERATE TRAFFIC 8000 vehicles per day 4.1 acquaintances 550 vehicles per pesk hour 0.9 friends per person HEAVY TRAFFIC 16,000 vehicles per day 1900 vehicles per peak hour ecause of the traffic.

Low traffic, many associations on each side 3.0 friends 6.3 acquaintances

Moderate traffic, reduced use of public space 1.3 friends 4.1 acquaintances

Heavy traffic few associations. Few friends across street .09 friends 3.1 acquaintances

There are no silver bullets



But there is silver buckshot



A Blue Zones Project leverages a best practice framework for strategic planning with the following key phases:

- 1) Analysis or Assessment, where an understanding of the current environments is developed,
- 2) Strategy Formulation/
 Blueprint Development, where
 high level strategy is developed and
 a strategic plan is documented
- 3) **Strategy Implementation**, where the high level plan is translated into more operational planning and action items, and
- **4) Evaluation of Progress and Results**, where ongoing refinement and evaluation of outcomes occur.

A Different Value Model

Semi-Permanent and Permanent Changes

Compounding and Enduring Effects

Ongoing Value Growth From Initial Investment

Value Generation

Impact Progression

Year 1 Year 2

Year 3

Year 4

Year 5 +

Engagement, Participation, Ongoing Exposure

Process and Behavior Change

Outcomes

DOES BLUE ZONES MAKE A DIFFERENCE?



Implement a 'Roundabouts First' Policy





Albert Lea, Minnesota took the above opportunity (see above before and after photos) to focus on safety first. Although the Minnesota DOT simply wanted to perform a low cost pavement overlay to Broadway, the city staff and BZP steering committee insisted, "do it our way by taking out the three unnecessary lanes, making this a walkable, bike and retail friendly place, or spend your money elsewhere". In time the DOT saw the value of building a safer road. Even without the roundabout in place until further project funding, the road diet brought crashes down 71%. Now the Minnesota DOT brings city leaders to Albert Lea to promote safer, more efficient people-focused roads. ALL | 2019 | PAGE 40

RESULTS PILOT PROGRAM ALBERT LEA, MN

CITY WORKER'S HEALTH CARE COSTS

DROPPED

49%





WHAT ARE THE KEYS?



Transportation Core Best Practices

Recommendations:

- Formally adopt NACTO Street Design Guide, with the potential to create one unique to Salinas.
- Formally adopt a Complete

 Streets Policy for the City of
 Salinas.
- Create a Complete Streets Implementation Plan.
- Set *Target Speeds* on principal roads.

Land Use Core Best Practices

Recommendations:

- Adopt an *Urban Design Manual* to simplify and
 streamline current code
 alignment.
- Support implementation of Parking Management Plan.
- Pursue citywide
 Transportation Demand
 Management strategies.
- Promote housing diversity, affordability and infill through ADU-focused policy efforts.

Safety-Focused Best Practices

Recommendations:

- Create a Vision Zero Action Plan.
- Develop a Safety Education Campaign.
- Create School Slow Zones
 with appropriate
 corresponding design
 treatments.
- Develop a Salinas Safe Routes to School Master Plan.



Blue Zones Program Model

- Provide the health link --Establish the health tie between the design and pattern of streets and people.
- Discuss the challenge of correcting for having over designed for single occupant vehicle travel, the lack of community identity lifestyles and walkability
- Introduce and apply the art and science of walkability
- Build the case for equity
- Build the case for multiple partners (transportation, land use, political leaders, advocacy and health)
- Provide success stories and core principles











Livable Streets by Appleyard lon't feel alone. 6.3 acquaintances 1.3 friends per person MODERATE TRAFFIC 8000 vehicles per day 4.1 acquaintances 550 vehicles per pesk hour 0.9 friends per person HEAVY TRAFFIC 16,000 vehicles per day 1900 vehicles per peak hour ecause of the traffic.

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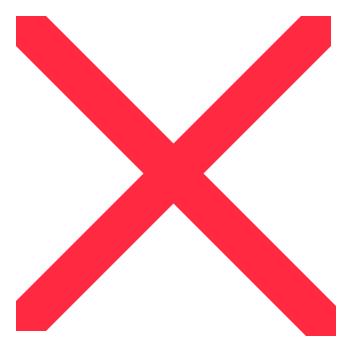
The Life Radius Approach to Community-Building

The more places that we have in or near our neighborhoods that we can walk or bike to, the lighter and healthier we become.

How close is your nearest park?
How close is your nearest school?
How close is your nearest friends house?
How close is your nearest store?
How close is your nearest work center?
How close is your nearest coffee shop, library, worship center?

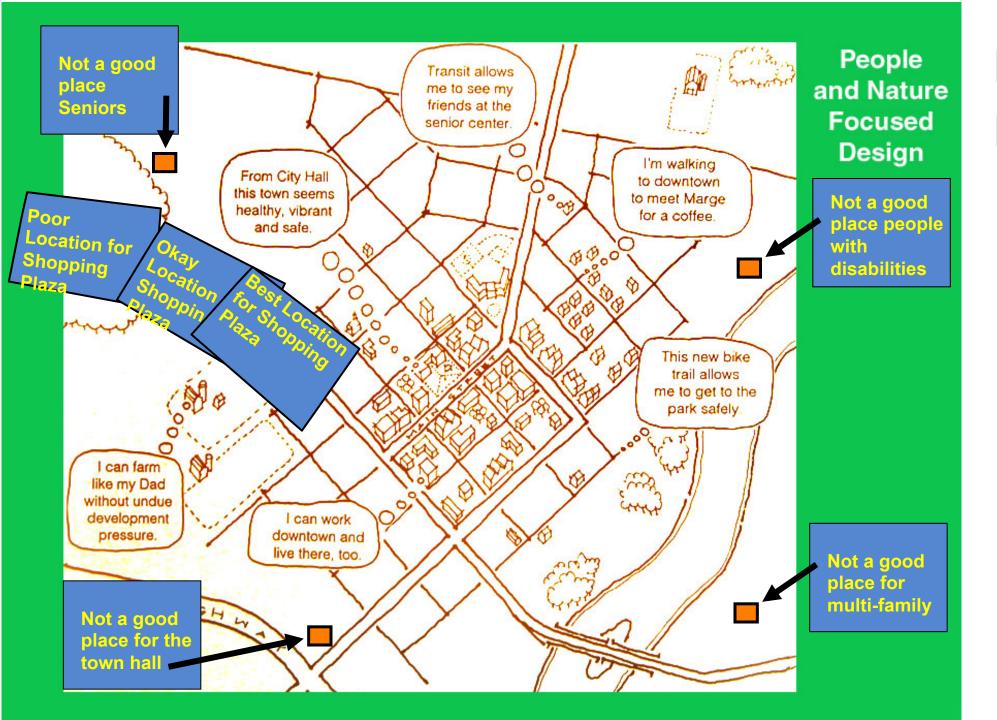
At one time all neighborhoods met all of our needs, stores, places to gather with others, play, attend school and participate in events.

What is your life radius?









Locational Efficiency

Buildings and transportation together accounted for about 70 percent of energy use in the **United States and** about 62 percent of U.S. greenhouse gas emissions. Housing type and location, along with energy-use features of homes and vehicles, all have an important role to play in achieving greater energy efficiency.

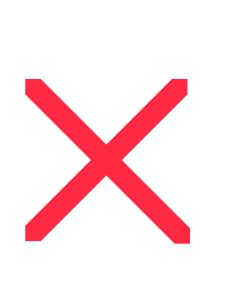


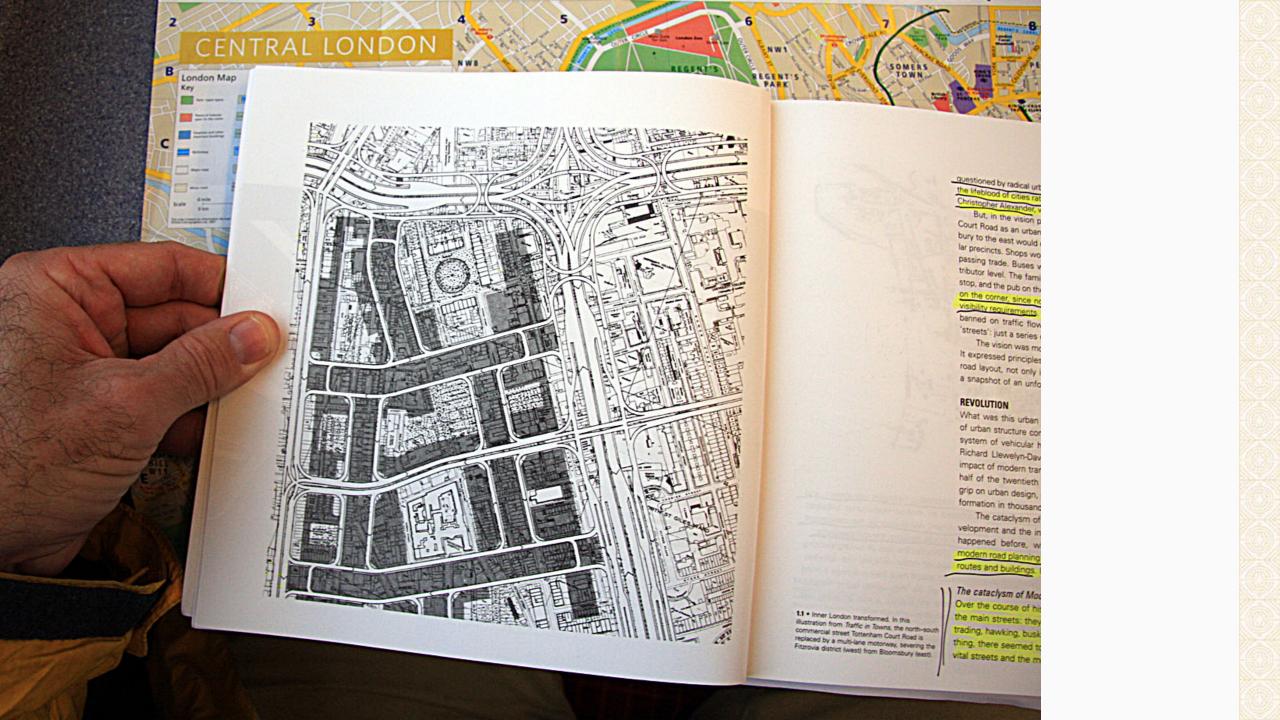
IF THIS COUPLE COULD LIVE WHERE THEY MIGHT LIVE CAR LIGHT OR CAR FREE, DO THEIR SHOPPING, FIND ENTERTAINMENT AND NATURALLY BUMP INTO OTHER PEOPLE THEIR HEALTH, HAPPINESS AND LONGEVITY INCREASE -- AND SOCIETY/HEALTH COSTS GO DOWN.

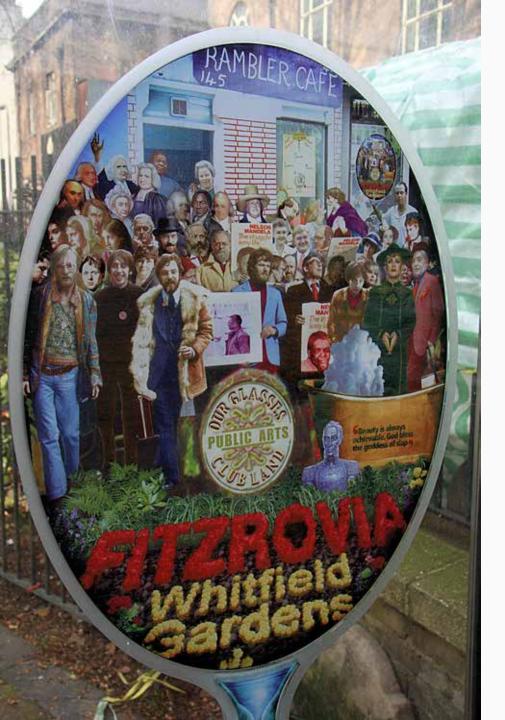
Locational Efficiency

The most effective way to reduce energy consumption is to locate homes of all types in areas where households could replace some automobile use with transit use, leading to reductions of 39 to 50 percent in household energy use.









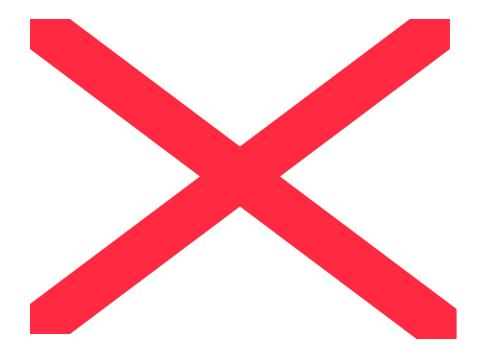
Among other things Tottenham Court and Fitzrovia gave birth to or inspired:

- •Karl Marx, Utilitarianism (greatest happiness for the greatest number),
- •Vagabondism, John Wesley and the Methodist Church, birth control, Charles Dickens, Charles Darwin, George Bernard Shaw, Dylan Thomas, Desmond Morris, Picasso, Salvador Dali, Yates, Gertrude Stein, Whistler and Augustus John.
- •Anesthesiology, Anti-slavery, the liberation of Venezuela, reformism, campaigns for women's rights
- •and, of course, Boy George also had roots or blossomed here.

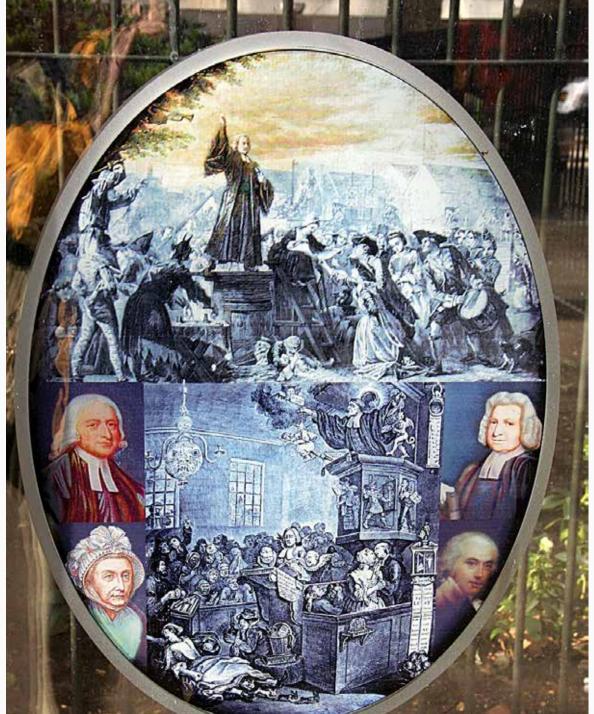
Bloomsbury

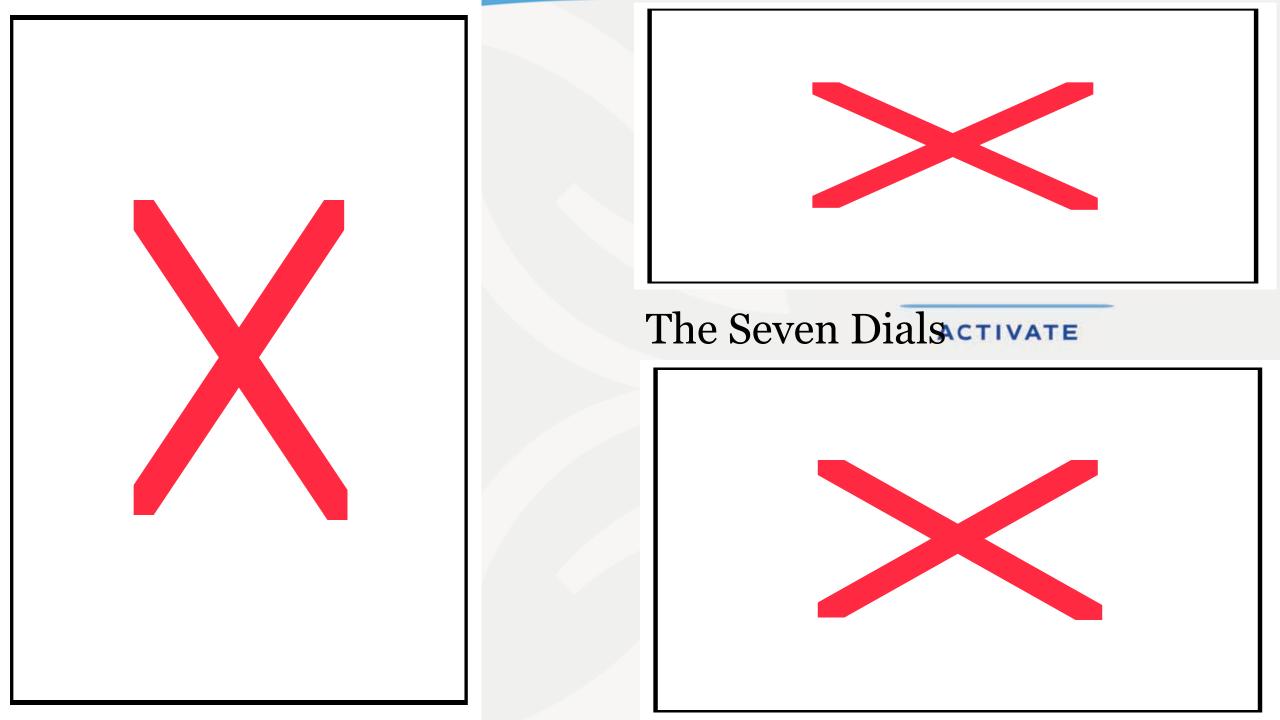
A district in the West End of London, famed as a fashionable residential area and as the home of numerous prestigious <u>cultural</u>, <u>intellectual</u>, and <u>educational institutions</u>. It is bounded by <u>Fitzrovia</u> to the west, <u>Covent Garden</u> to the south, <u>Regent's Park</u> and <u>St. Pancras</u> to the north, and <u>Clerkenwell</u> to the east.

Bloomsbury is as an intellectual and literary hub for London, as home of world-known <u>Bloomsbury Publishing</u>, publishers of the <u>Harry Potter</u> series, and namesake of the <u>Bloomsbury Set</u>, a group of famous <u>British</u> intellectuals, including author <u>Virginia Woolf</u> and economist <u>John Maynard Keynes</u>, among others.









TRANSPORTATION

A Balanced Transportation System -

Allows all people of all ages and abilities full access to all parts of their community. Switching from one mode of travel to another is seamless.

To achieve this requires a close partnership with land use *and* transportation.

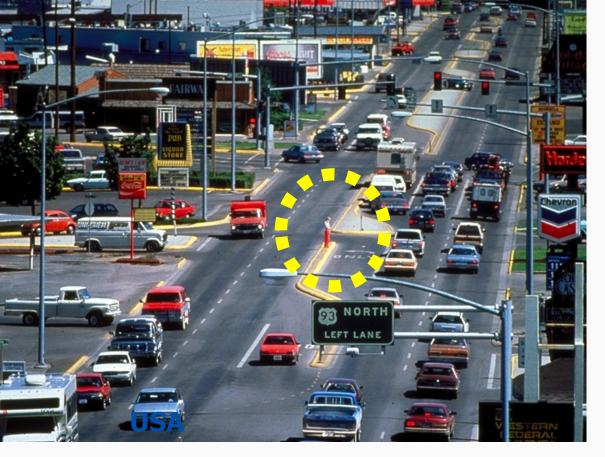
Quality of life and health increase as policies, programs, and people are considered in each and every decision, and budget, we set in motion.











Highway 93, Missoula, Montana

Marine Drive, Dundarave, B.C.



Repurposing a Street





The placeless street above created no joy or opportunity. The street was re-imagined and became the vibrant, fun and successful street on the right. The question should not be "won't it cost too much?" Instead frame the conversation on "what block in our town will do the most to turn our downtown around?"

Thanks to Victor Dover and Kenneth Garcia







PLACEMAKING





Placemaking

People seek places of the heart. While this may be a beach or other cherished natural or cultural place, the built environment can be enlivened by design decisions.

Place-based planning assesses all land use and transportation investments to ensure they align with the community's vision.

Streets occupy so much of our shared public space that they must be considered as a community-building opportunity.

The siting of parks and schools offers tremendous opportunities with significant impacts to health and well-being.

Images: Winter Garden and Winter Park, Florida



Imagine a person stopping here to photograph if the parking lot was out in front



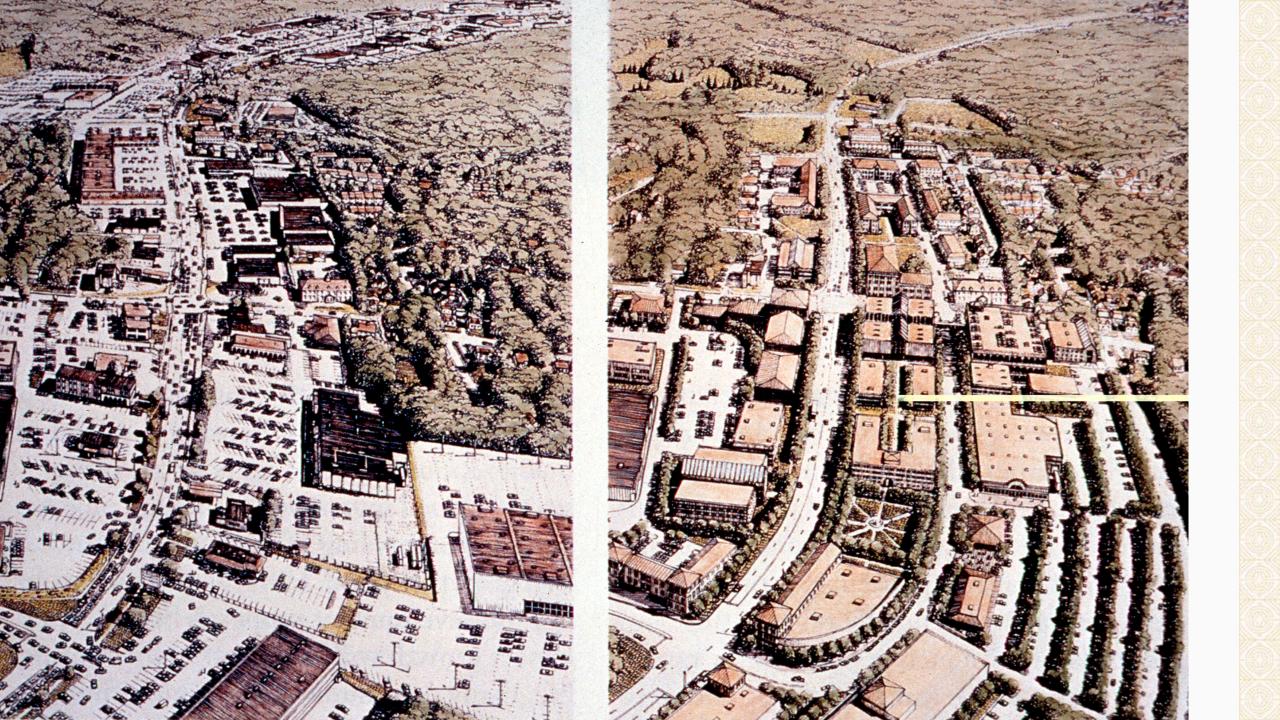








LAND USE

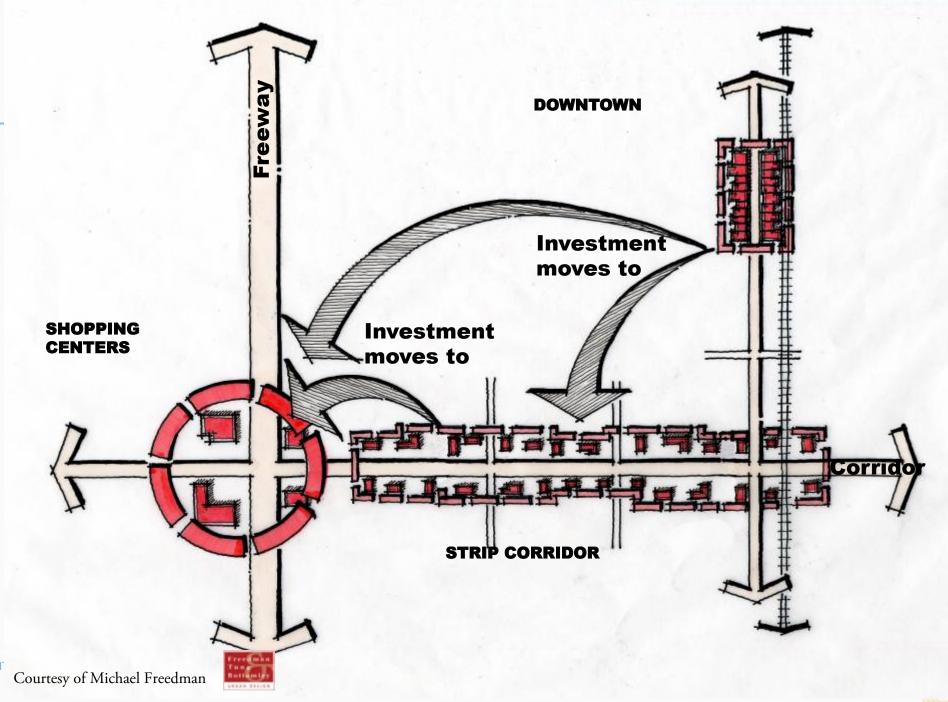




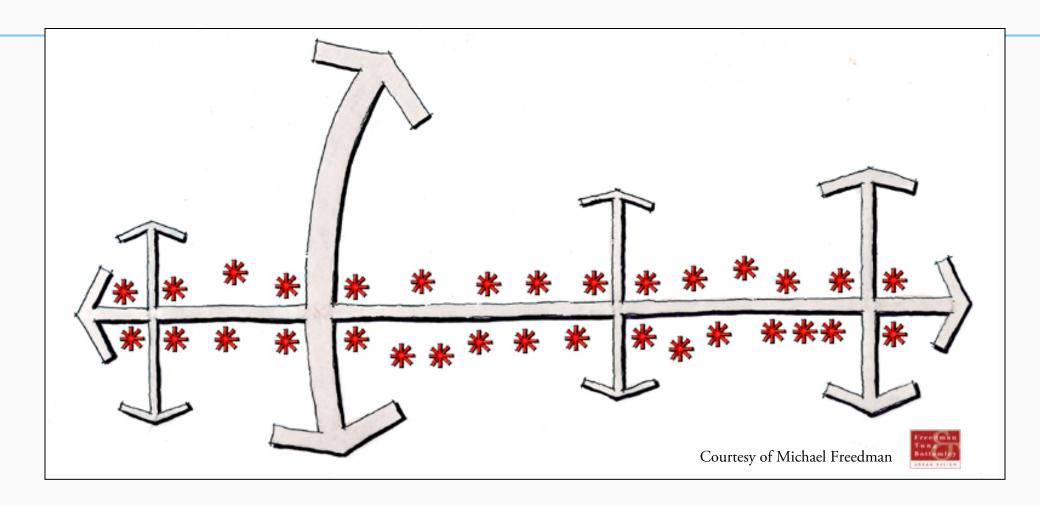




This panel and the next two illustrate what drained the life and vitality out of town centers, and then shows why authentic mixed use villages will bring back this important wave of town making, Blue Zones style.

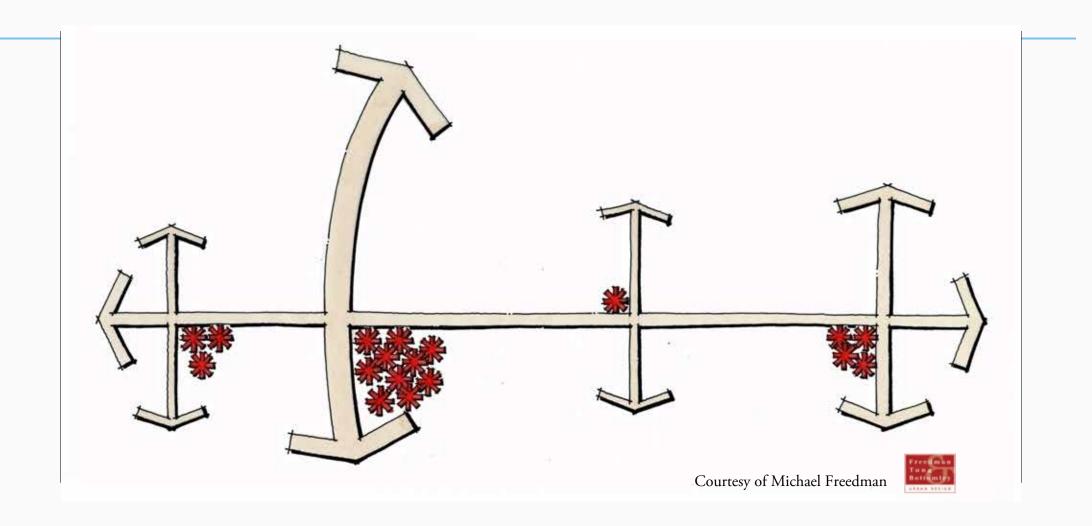


"The Strip"



A linear pattern of commercial development along suburban arterial roadways

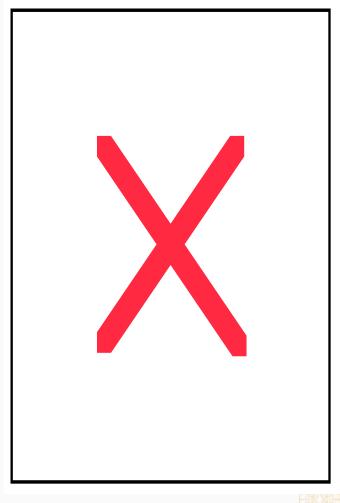
Falling out of Favor: Linear Strip format





The *Illustrative Plan* (above) is the result of this planning approach; it shows the hypothetical buildout of the corridor, locating building footprints (new and existing), open space, and parking areas. The corridor was divided into four study areas, the Western Gateway, the Neighborhood Center, the Village Center, and the Town Center. Each area has it's own unique characteristics and challenges which were addressed. (Courtesy of Victor Dover)

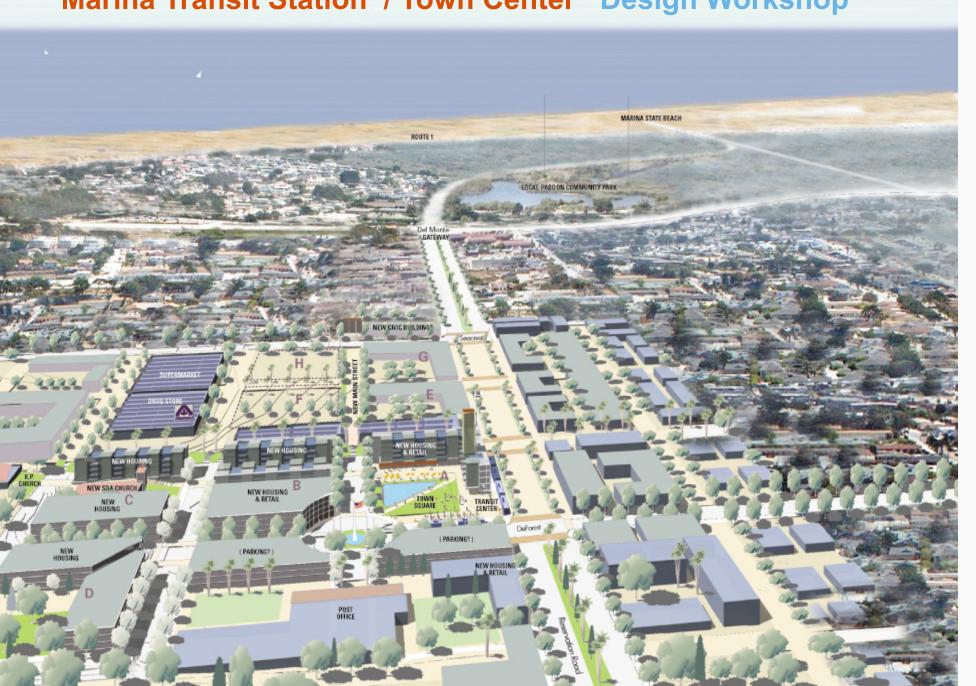




Based on the 1928 drawings by Clarence Perry



Marina Transit Station / Town Center Design Workshop









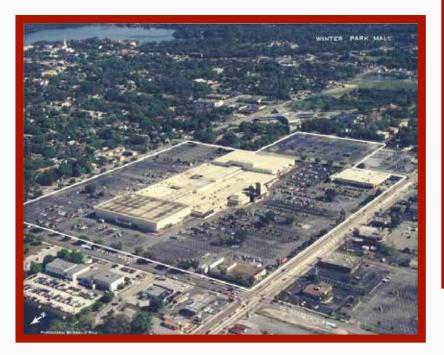














The Winter Park Mall began to fail once a newer, larger regional mall was built in a nearby town. Victor Dover (Dover-Kohl Associates) was asked to put "lipstick on the pig" in order to have this mall better compete. Instead, designers recommended scraping the mall, saving a few key buildings, and lay out a village. The new village is FAR outcompeting the new mall.



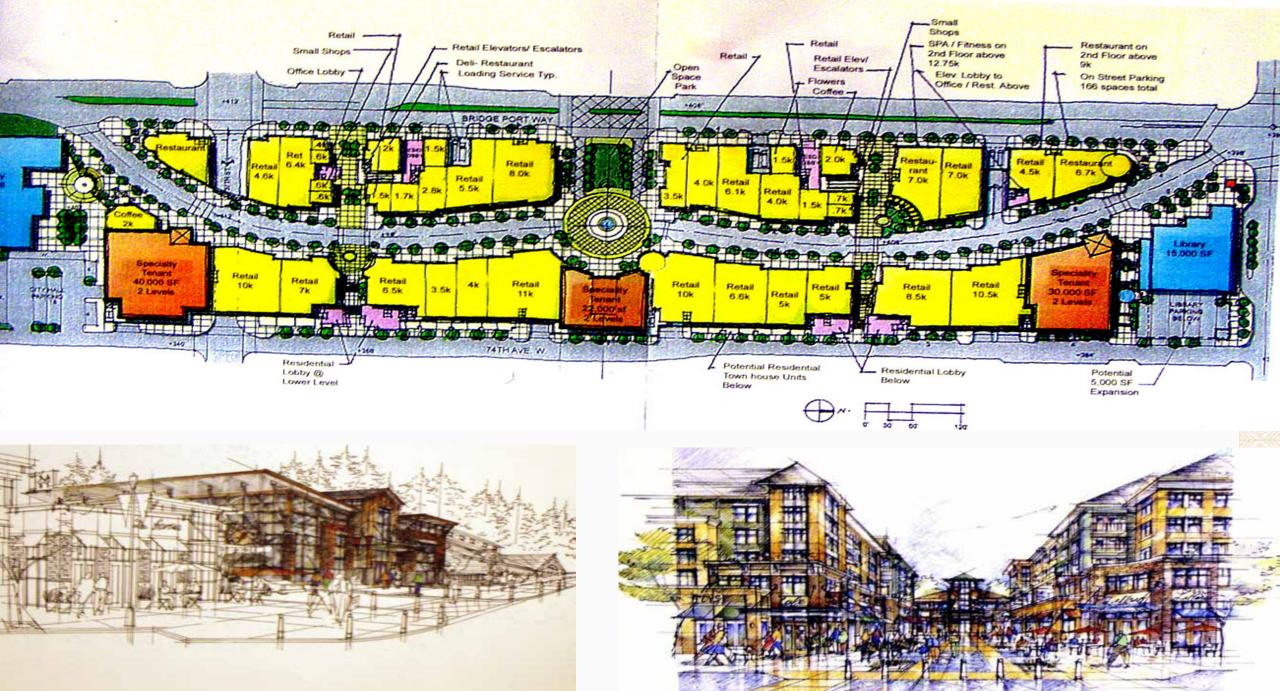








Strip to Village conversions, University Place, Washington. A MUCH bigger way to expand our work goes beyond malls (50-1000 acres), and picks up strips-to-village conversions. (3-40 acres). This next two panels explain what we have already inspired in University Place, Washington, a town of about 35,000 population. The land below was once a successful strip. Today it is a thriving mixed use village complete with a new WHOLE FOODS and a Trader Joes. Whole Foods said that they would not have come here before we rebuilt the road and made the strip conversion. We are working with this city on the design of 7 more strip to village conversions. You can see that we are adding new streets.



OTHER









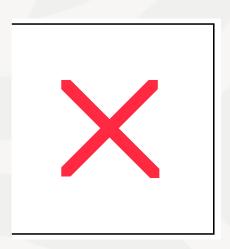
Reframing Key Transportation Conventions DESIGN TRAFFIC - Interpreting the Results

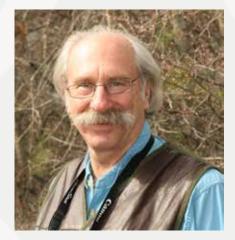






For Breakfast tomorrow...



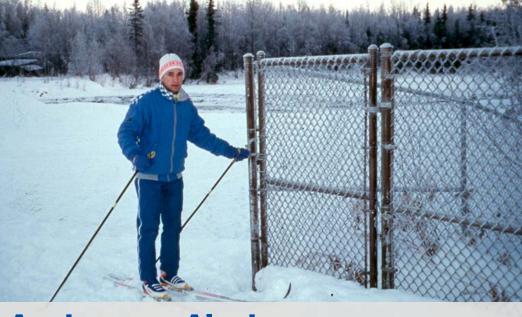




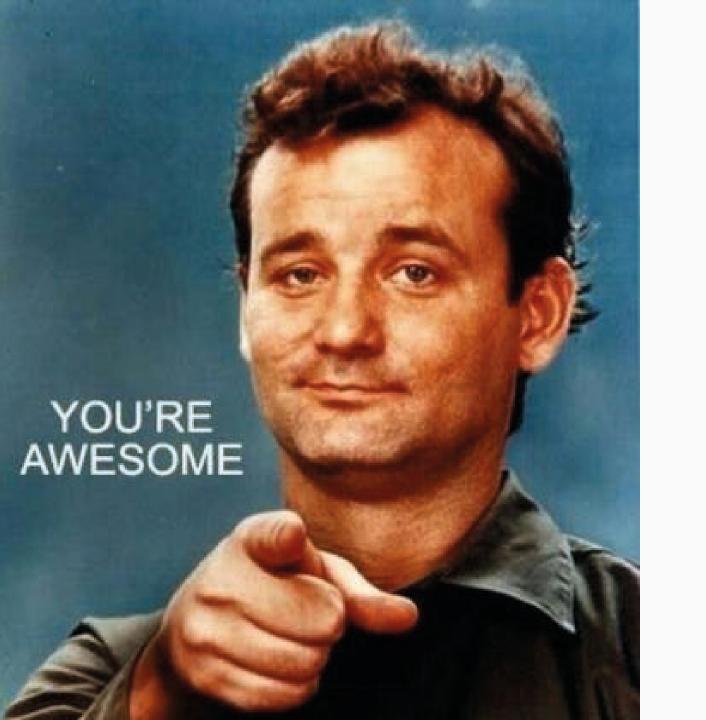
Tips on how to change the world...



Captiva Island, Florida, 1994



Anchorage, Alaska



Don't forget that your role as an elected leader or top community official – you are the custodian of the past, and the builder of the future. This calls for a unique blend of an observer, problem solver, and a change agent."

Oh, you are also a networker, a coalition builder, a champion.

Make a Difference!

For More Information







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